SOCIAL AND ENTERPRISE
DEVELOPMENT INNOVATIONS
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED
MARCH 31, 2013 AND 2012

MARCH 31, 2013 AND 2012

CONTENTS

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statements of Financial Position	2
Statements of Changes in Net Assets	3
Statements of Operations	4
Statements of Cash Flows	5
Notes to the Financial Statements	6 - 12

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of

Social and Enterprise Development Innovations

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Social and Enterprise Development Innovations, which comprise the statements of financial position as at March 31, 2013, March 31, 2012 and April 1, 2011 and the statements of changes in net assets, operations and cash flows for the years ended March 31, 2013 and March 31, 2012, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Social and Enterprise Development Innovations as at March 31, 2013, March 31, 2012 and April 1, 2011 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years ended March 31, 2013 and March 31, 2012 in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

& Landzberg LLP

Akler, Browning, Frimet

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS LICENSED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS TORONTO, CANADA JUNE 27, 2013

STATEMENTS OF	FINANCIAL	POSITION
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	March 31 2013	March 31 2012	April 1 <u>2011</u>
AC	\$ SETS	\$	\$
AS	SEIS		
CURRENT			
Cash	614,545	715,084	691,124
Term deposits	604,782	618,573	609,398
TD financial literacy funds (Note 5)	3,523,988	3,270,021	3,131,147
Grants receivable	248,685 65,036	254,185 65,655	142,001 84,201
Sundry receivables Prepaids and deposits	13,207	26,560	11,683
Prepaids and deposits	13,207	20,500	11,000
	5,070,243	4,950,078	4,669,554
TD FINANCIAL LITERACY FUNDS (Note 5)	4,340,546	7,108,314	9,588,185
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Note 4)	43,705	10,344	4,020
	9,454,494	12,068,736	14,261,759
LIABILITIES ANI	FUND BALAN	CES	
CURRENT			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	209,917	253,256	213,274
Deferred contributions (Note 6)	3,721,886	3,541,180	3,547,741
	3,931,803	3,794,436	3,761,015
DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS (Note 6)	4,954,592	7,708,270	9,827,371
DELEKTED CONTRIBETIONS (NOTE C)	8,886,395	11,502,706	13,588,386
NET ASSETS			
Net assets invested in property and equipment	43,705	10,344	4,020
Unrestricted net assets	524,394	555,686	669,353
	568,099	566,030	673,373
	9,454,494	12,068,736	14,261,759

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

"ANTHONY GRNAK" - CHAIR OF AUDIT COMMITTEE

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Invested In Property and <u>Equipment</u> \$	Unrestricted \$	Year Ended 2013 <u>Total</u> \$	March 31 2012 <u>Total</u> \$
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	10,344	555,686	566,030	673,373
Investment in property and equipment	47,260	(47,260)	-	-0
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(13,899)	15,968	2,069	(107,343)
BALANCE END OF YEAR	43,705	524.394	568,099	566,030

SOCIAL AND ENTERPRISE DEVELOPMENT INNOVATIONS

STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Year Ended March 31 2013 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	1,980,227 1,027,772 192,742 29,492 16,150	3,260,193	1 300 000	1,240,462	143,868	286,659	27.692	26,037	92,304	32,028	19,937	10 177	19,997		50,537	11,930	2,627	1,155	1,383	3,367,536	(107,343)
Year Ende 2013	2,499,711 1,067,203 176,743 31,345 11,937	3,791,972	1 737 064	1,195,502	266,025	96,612	58,464	55,207	54,936	32,883	30,641	13.899	13,569	11,693	10,571	7,570	4,245	2,689		3,789,903	2,069
Financial Literacy Evaluation	23,750	23,750	1		- 27 50	05/57	î	ì	1	ı			,	1	r	1	1			23,750	
Financial Literacy for Newcomers \$	237,061	237,061	,	73,274	66,585	7,235		14,306	6,599	1,179	059	,	2,484	ī	,	•	•	2,689	1	237,061	
Trillium Financial <u>Literacy</u> \$	135,251	135,251	i	77,525	14,000	2,800	I.	17,253	6,849	2,413	500		r	ı		783	1			135,251	
CCFL	696,124 53,840 20,412 - 4.533	774,909		510,189	33,428	51,725	1	16,075	24,813	10,320	5,394		4,611	11,693	1	6,050	3,164	1	1	774,909	
START \$	422,506	422,506	ı	257,446	137,065	9,163	5,592	1,020	4,399	5,747	} '		3,250		1 4	4/0	ľ	ī		422,506	
1LA 2012 \$	168,109	168,109	.1	125,874	4,947	000'6	' 6	2,849	3,470	575	i	ı	2,000	,		1	r	E		168,109	
ILA Match Fund S	26,686	53,372	,	200		•	52,872				1		,				1			53,372	1
TD Financial Literacy Grant Fund \$	1,803,587	1,959,918	1,737,064	192,742	7,006	7,680	, 400	945	4.387	41	5,087	1	2,566				! /	•		1,959,918	
SEDI Core \$	4,659 11,937 500	17,096	£	(42,048)		6006	1 304	8.061	6.206	405	7,614	13,899	(1,342)	10.571	296	1 081	******			15,027	2,069
REVENUES	Financial Literacy Funds Grants Investment Donations Sundry Consulting		EXPENDITURES Grant disbursement	wages and benefits Program delivery	Program consulting	Rent Match funds	Telephone and internet	Travel and meetings	Office and general	Printing and stationery	Professional fees	Amortization	Special events	Organization development	Promotion	Resource materials	GST/HST absorbed	Professional develonment		EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	OVER EXPENDITURES

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

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	Year Ende	ed March 31		
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>		
	\$	\$		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures Adjustment for non cash items:	2,069	(107,343)		
Amortization of property and equipment	13,899	10,177		
	15,968	(97,166)		
Net changes in non-cash working capital items:				
Grants receivable	5,500	(112,184)		
Sundry receivables	619	18,546		
Prepaids and deposits	13,353	(14,877)		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(43,339)	39,982		
Deferred contributions	<u>(2,572,972</u>)	(2,125,662)		
Cash Used In Operating Activities	(2,580,871)	(2,291,361)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Term deposits	13,791	(9,175)		
TD Financial Literacy Funds	2,513,801	2,340,997		
Purchase of property and equipment	(47,260)	(16,501)		
Cash Provided By Investing Activities	2,480,332	2,315,321		
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH	(100,539)	23,960		
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	715,084	691,124		
CASH, END OF YEAR	614,545	715,084		

Note 1: Nature Of Operations

Social and Enterprise Development Innovations ("SEDI") is a non-profit organization incorporated without share capital and is registered with Canada Revenue Agency as a charity, within the meaning of the Income Tax Act. On October 26, 2012 the organization was granted authorization by the Ontario Ministry of Government Services to transfer to another jurisdiction and was also granted Articles of Continuance under the Canada Notfor-profit Corporations Act.

The organization was founded as an innovative response to high levels of unemployment and welfare dependency in Canada. SEDI has evolved into an innovator and producer/manager of effective Canadian self-sufficiency policies and programs.

Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. The significant policies are detailed as follows:

Fund Accounting

SEDI follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. The funds created and their purpose are as follows:

The SEDI Core Fund accounts for the organization's strategic planning and administrative activities. This fund reports unrestricted resources and internally restricted operating resources.

The TD Financial Literacy Grant Fund represents funding for the purpose of making grants to charitable or other non-profit organizations who serve low income and otherwise economically disadvantaged persons and groups in Canada to support and promote financial literacy. The TD Financial Literacy Grant Fund shall be disbursed on or before December 31, 2015. Funds expended in the current year of the grant fund are for grant fund management and grant disbursement.

The Independent Living Account ("ILA") program, combining financial literacy training with incentivized savings accounts, enables low-income people living in Toronto transitional and shelter housing facilities to acquire the financial knowledge, skills and savings they need to move into secure housing and expand their economic opportunities. Its operation and administrative costs were funded by the City of Toronto. Match funds were provided by TD-Dominion Bank and other individual donors. This program operated in 7 transitional housing facilities/shelters.

Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies - cont'd

Fund Accounting - cont'd

START (Saving To Achieve Real Transformation) previously named The Ontario Opportunities Accounts is a pilot project that aims to enrol up to 500 low-income Ontarians currently living in social housing or on the waiting list for social housing in three locations in the province. The project is based on the tested assumption that participants will respond positively to financial incentives (matched savings) to set and achieve personal goals and prospects. In addition to matched savings incentives, financial literacy training and case management supports are provided to participants by Community Partners. Personal savings accounts and deposits are held at a local financial institution.

The Canadian Centre for Financial Literacy ("CCFL") was created by SEDI and TD Bank Financial Group and is funded by various public and private supporters. Funds are restricted to building and developing financial literacy among low income Canadians. The CCFL's initial funding of \$3,500,000 was provided by the CCFL cofounder TD Bank Financial Group effective July 9, 2009 to support the activities of the CCFL over a five year period ending December 31, 2014. The purpose of the CCFL is to expand opportunities for increasing the financial literacy of low income and otherwise economically disadvantaged persons and groups in Canada.

The Trillium Financial Literacy in Northern Ontario project is funded by The Ontario Trillium Foundation and is an initiative that will work with more than 75 organizations in 15 Ontario communities to build the capacity of 100 trainers and to deliver financial literacy support to 2,000 low income Ontarians.

The Financial Literacy for Newcomers project is funded by Citizenship and Immigration Canada. This project's objective is to aid newcomers to integrate into society more quickly through financial literacy supports and services; and to build a community of practice in order to support more organizations to include financial literacy programs as part of the services offered to newcomers.

The Financial Literacy Evaluation project has as its key objective the development of an evaluation strategy for financial literacy initiatives in Canada.

Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies - cont'd

Revenue Recognition

Restricted grants, TD literacy funds and donations are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Consulting fees and interest income are recognized on an accrual basis.

Property and Equipment

Purchased property and equipment are recorded at cost and contributed property and equipment are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. The organization provides for amortization using the following methods at rates designed to amortize the cost of the property and equipment over its useful life. The annual amortization rates and methods are as follows:

Furniture and equipment

20%

declining balance

Computer equipment and software

50%

straight-line

Amortization of leasehold improvements is recorded over the remaining term of the lease.

Expense Allocation

Project expenditures include both costs that are specifically identifiable with the project and costs that have been allocated to the project. Salaries and employee benefits are allocated based on management's estimate of time spent by staff on each project. Certain other supplies and services are allocated based on management's estimate of the usage of such resources by the project.

Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenditures.

The main estimates relate to the impairment of financial assets.

Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies - cont'd

Financial Instruments

The organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value, except for certain related party transactions that are measured at the carrying amount or exchange amount, as appropriate.

The organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at cost or amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in net income.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost on a straight-line basis include cash, term deposits, TD financial literacy funds, grants receivable, and sundry receivable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost on a straight-line basis include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

The organization has not designated any financial asset or financial liability to be measured at fair value.

Note 3: Impact Of The Change In The Basis Of Accounting

Effective April 1, 2012, the organization elected to apply the standards in Part III of the CICA Handbook - Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations (ASNPO).

These are the first financial statements prepared in accordance with this new framework which has been applied retrospectively. The accounting policies set out above have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013, the comparative information for the year ended March 31, 2012 and in the preparation of an opening balance sheet date as at April 1, 2011, which is the organization's date of transition.

Note 3: Impact Of The Change In The Basis Of Accounting - Cont'd

The organization previously issued financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2012 using generally accepted accounting principles prescribed by Part V of the CICA Handbook.

The adoption of ASNPO has had no impact on the previously reported assets, liabilities and net assets of the organization, and accordingly, no adjustments have been recorded in the comparative statements of financial position, operations, changes in net assets and cash flows. Certain of the organization's presentation and disclosures included in these financial statements reflect the new presentation and disclosure requirements of ASNPO.

Note 4: Property And Equipment

	Cost \$	Accumulated Amortization \$	Net March 31 2013 \$	Net March 31 2012 \$	Net April 1 <u>2011</u> \$
Furniture and equipment	48,213	37,951	10,262	2,093	1,497
Computer equipment and software Leasehold Improvements	32,978 36,461	32,350 3,646	628 32,815	8,251	1,403
244344644 244p26 (444444	117,652	73,947	43,705	10,344	4,020

Note 5: TD Financial Literacy Funds

TD Financial Literacy Funds consist of cash and fixed income Canadian instruments and are externally restricted for use as follows:

	CCFL Operating Fund \$	TD Financial Literacy Grant Fund \$	March 31 2013 \$	March 31 2012 \$	April 1 <u>2011</u> \$
Cash Fixed income investments	261,143	562,920 6,007,928	824,063 7,040,471	631,391 9,746,944	51,635 12,667,697
Fixed income investments	1,293,686	6,570,848	7,864,534	10,378,335	12,719,332

Note 6: Deferred Contributions

Deferred contributions represent unspent resources externally restricted by funding agencies and restricted operating funding received in the current or a prior period that are related to a period subsequent to the year end, comprised of the following programs:

	March 31	March 31	April 1
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
	\$	\$	-\$
Current portion			
TD Financial Literacy Grant Fund	2,429,500	2,427,885	2,429,667
CCFL Operating Fund	1,094,488	842,136	701,480
Trillium Financial Literacy	52,256	94,707	70,465
ILA's Match Fund	119,260	112,632	130,324
IIROC	-	23,750	205,805
OTHER	26,382	40,070	10,000
	3,721,886	3,541,180	3,547,741
Long term portion			
TD Financial Literacy Grant Fund	4,491,503	6,296,705	7,648,810
CCFL Operating Fund	463,089	1,411,565	2,178,561
	4,954,592	<u>7,708,270</u>	9,827,371

Note 7: Contractual Obligations

The organization is committed to total minimum rentals, (excluding certain occupancy charges) of \$218,331 under an operating lease for its existing premises which expires August 31, 2017.

The minimum commitment is as follows:

Years Ending

2014	\$ 47,55	4
2015	49,16	9
2016	49,31	5
2017	51,01	1
Thereafter	21,28	2
	\$ 218,33	1

Note 8: Financial Instruments

Transactions in financial instruments may result in an entity assuming or transferring to another part one or more of the financial risks described below. The required disclosures provide information that assists users of financial statements in assessing the extent of risk related to financial instruments.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The entity does not have significant exposure to any of these types of risk.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial transaction will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The organizations main credit risk relate to its grants receivable and sundry receivable. There has been no change to the risk exposure from the prior year.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the organization will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect to its accounts payable and accrued liabilities. There has been no change to the risk exposure from the prior year.